Introducing Medicare Part D and Limited Income Subsidy



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The Medicare Part D Voluntary Prescription Drug Benefit

One of the biggest concerns for people with Medicare is paying out of pocket for prescription medications. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) established a voluntary prescription drug benefit for people with Medicare called Medicare Part D. Medicare Part D begins on January 1, 2006.

Who is Eligible for Medicare Part D?

In order to be eligible for Medicare Part D, an individual must:

- Be entitled to Medicare Part A (hospital insurance), and/or enrolled in Medicare Part B (medical insurance),
- Reside in a prescription plan service area, and
- Enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan.

Notes:	 	 	

Standard Coverage

Most people with Medicare will have to pay a share of their prescription drug costs - others (including AHCCCS recipients and people in our Medicare Cost Sharing Programs) will qualify for a Limited Income Subsidy (LIS) that will pay a part or all of the cost sharing - we will cover the LIS program in detail later in this guide.

Here is how the basic prescription coverage works for those who are eligible for standard coverage:

- \Rightarrow \$37 monthly Part D premium (estimated).
- \Rightarrow \$250 annual deductible.
- ⇒ Once the deductible is met, the person pays 25% of prescription costs (Part D pays 75%) until the annual prescription costs exceed \$2,250.
- ⇒ The person pays 100% of prescription costs between \$2,250 and \$5,100 (called the "coverage gap" or "donut hole").
- ⇒ Once the individual's Part D costs exceed \$5,100, co-pays are \$2/\$5 or 5% of the price of the prescription, whichever is higher. This is referred to as catastrophic coverage.

How Medicare Part D Prescription Coverage Will be Provided

People with Medicare will need to select and enroll with a Part D plan to receive the Medicare Part D prescription coverage. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) is currently evaluating bids submitted by organizations that would like to become Part D plans - but contracts will not be awarded by CMS until September. This means that we do not yet know which plans will be available in Arizona.

Prescription Drug Plan (PDP)

One type of plan is a Prescription Drug Plan (PDP). A PDP must cover the entire state of Arizona and must not be a government agency. The PDP is like a HMO, except the services are limited to prescription drugs. PDPs will not cover any services except prescriptions.

Medicare Advantage Plans (MA-PD)

Beginning in January 2006, Medicare Plus or Choice plans will be called Medicare Advantage (MA) plans. These plans are required to provide Part D prescription drug coverage. The Medicare Advantage plan will be known as an MA-PD. MA-PD plans are HMOs that manage the entire Medicare benefit, including Part D. MA-PD plans cover inpatient care, durable medical equipment, primary care, etc.



How Medicare Part D Prescription Coverage Will be Provided, continued

Special Needs Plan (SNP)

Special Needs Plans are MA-PD plans that CMS has certified to serve members with special needs, like dual eligibility for Medicare and Medicaid.

Six AHCCCS health plans are taking steps to become a Medicare Special Needs Plan:

- APIPA (Arizona Physicians, IPA)
- MCP (Mercy Care Plan)
- PHP (PHP/Community Connection)
- HCA (Health Choice Arizona)
- Care 1st
- EverCare Select.

Individuals enrolled in an AHCCCS Health Plan may get their Medicaid, Medicare and Part D prescription drug services all from the same health plan. A significant number of dual eligible customers are enrolled with these AHCCCS health plans.

Employer Plans for Retirees

Medicare is working with employers to help keep the coverage people with Medicare have through a current or former employer. Employers will receive incentives to continue providing retiree group coverage.

Requirements for All Part D Plans

The following guidelines apply to all plans:

- Must offer a minimum, contracted standard benefit.
- MA-PDs and SNPs may choose to offer enhanced (supplemental) benefits, sometimes for a higher monthly premium.
- The plan will decide which drugs will be covered, called their formulary. CMS must approve all formularies. CMS has issued guidance for formularies.

Coverage Area

Each plan will have specific service areas based on the type of plan:

- Prescription Drug Plans will provide Part D services to the entire state of Arizona. People with regular Medicare must have at least two PDPs to choose from.
- Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug plans will provide Part D services to the people with Medicare who enroll with them in their contracted service area.
- Special Needs Plans will provide Part D services to people with Medicare who enroll with them in their contracted service area and who are either
 - ✓ Dual eligible, or
 - ✓ Reside in a nursing facility



Information About The Part D Plans Formulary

The list of drugs covered by a plan is called a formulary. CMS intends to review formularies to ensure inclusion of a broad range of therapeutic categories and classes. CMS requires a plan to have a formulary that contains at least 2 medications in each approved category, regardless of the classification system utilized. For six classes of drugs, CMS requires all or substantially all drugs in the class to be in the formulary. Those classes are:

- Antidepressants
- Antipsychotics
- Anticonvulsants
- Antiretrovirals
- Antineoplastics
- Immunosupressants

Part D plan formularies will be posted via link on the Medicare.gov website and the Part D plan web site in October 2005. These are resources to use when assisting a person in evaluating Part D plans.

This is important: Not all medications are covered by all Medicare drug plans. This may be a very important consideration when selecting a plan.

What's Not Covered by Part D Plans?

Some drugs are excluded from coverage by Medicare drug plans. These include drugs for anorexia, weight loss or weight gain, fertility, cosmetic purposes or hair growth, symptomatic relief of cough and cold, prescription vitamins and mineral products (except pre-natal vitamins and fluoride preparations), non-prescription drugs, and barbiturates and benzodiazepines. If medically necessary, the Medicare prescription drug plan or AHCCCS health plans may cover some of these excluded drugs.

Formulary Exception and Appeal Process

Each plan is required to have a process for handling requests for exceptions to their formulary when a medically necessary drug is not included on the formulary for the plan the individual has selected.

Medicare Part D recipients have several options if a medication is denied by the Medicare drug plan:

- 1. Request an exception
- 2. Request a redetermination
- 3. Appeal

Beneficiaries will be informed of the appeals process at enrollment and when they receive a notice of coverage denial.

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Enrollment

The Initial Enrollment Period (IEP) begins on November 15, 2005 and extends to May 15, 2006 for people who are currently Medicare eligible or who will become eligible November 2005 through February 2006.

For those who are not already eligible as described above, the Initial Enrollment Period is 7 months (begins 3 months before the month of eligibility, includes the month of eligibility, and extends 3 months after the month of eligibility). This is similar to the initial enrollment period for Medicare Part B.

The Annual Coordinated Election Period (AEP) is like the AHCCCCS annual enrollment period. People with Medicare can enroll or change plans at this time. For the first year the AEP is the same as the IEP (November 15, 2005 - May 15, 2006). For future years (beginning in 2006) the AEP will be November 15 - December 31 of each year.

A Special Enrollment Period applies when exceptional circumstances occur including:

- Permanent move out of the plan service area
- Involuntary loss of creditable coverage
- An individual enters or leaves a long term care facility:
- ** Dual Eligible members are always eligible for special enrollment**

Note: Generally, long-term care facilities contract with one long-term care pharmacy to supply the prescription drugs needed by the residents. CMS is strongly encouraging the LTC pharmacies to join the network of all prescription drug plans in their areas so people won't have to change prescription drug plans should they need long term care services. However, entering and leaving a long term care facility has been identified as an event when a person can change plans if they need to.

What Happens if the Individual Postpones Enrollment?

In most cases it is in the individual's best interest to enroll as soon as eligible. We will talk about an exception in the case of "creditable coverage" below.

Remember this program is voluntary, and an individual can choose NOT to enroll in a Medicare drug plan. But if that individual chooses to enroll later the premium will increase 1% for each month the customer could have enrolled, but didn't - unless he/she has "creditable coverage".

Dual eligible members who opt out of Part D will not be eligible for Part D covered prescriptions through AHCCCS.

What is Creditable Coverage?

An individual is considered to have creditable coverage when he/she has health insurance that provides as much or more prescription coverage than a Medicare prescription drug plan. Some examples of people who have creditable coverage may include group health plans (including employer plans for retirees), those eligible to receive prescriptions from the Veteran's Administration (VA), military medical coverage through TRICARE, or IHS.

When an individual has creditable coverage, there is no penalty assessed for not enrolling in a Medicare drug plan when eligible. An individual with creditable coverage should receive a notice from the source of the current drug coverage indicating whether or not it is creditable coverage.

How Do People with Medicare Know About Medicare Part D?

CMS and the Social Security Administration (SSA) will be conducting outreach throughout the country. CMS has already started a media campaign to get the word out to the 43.1 million people with Medicare. CMS also has published information on their web site at www.medicare.gov, and they have expanded their phone bank to answer calls at 1-800-Medicare (1-800-633-4227)

In addition, SSA is meeting with and training community groups who can provide assistance to people with Medicare who may need help understanding how Medicare Part D works.

Although SSA is responsible for marketing, notification and assistance for Medicare Part D, you may receive calls from customers asking for clarification or additional information.

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The Limited Income Subsidy (LIS) Program

As part of the Medicare Modernization Act, the Federal government created the Limited Income Subsidy program (LIS) to help people with Medicare with their prescription drug costs.

LIS is designed to provide assistance to certain people with Medicare who have limited income and resources. Eligible people will receive full or partial assistance with Part D premiums, deductible and co-pays for prescription drugs.

There are three groups of people who fall into the LIS category:

- ★ Dual Eligibles these are individuals that receive both AHCCCS and Medicare benefits. These customers will automatically be eligible for the LIS.
- ★ Deemed Eligibles these are individuals for whom AHCCCS pays Part B premiums, and some copays and deductibles, but do not have other Medicaid benefits. They are known as Qualified Medicare Beneficiary only (QMB only), Specified Low-income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB) or Qualified Individual-1 (QI-1). They are also known as the Medicare Cost Sharing population. These customers will also be automatically eligible for the LIS.
- ★ Other individuals whose income is less than 150% FPL with limited resources.

How Does The MMA Affect AHCCCS Recipients?

On January 1, 2006, AHCCCS will lose most federal funding to provide prescription coverage for people with Medicare. This means that beginning in January 1, 2006, people with Medicare on AHCCCS must receive prescription coverage through Medicare Part D - not AHCCCS. If an AHCCCS dual eligible does not enroll in Part D (or disenrolls if they are automatically enrolled) they may not obtain drug coverage from AHCCCS. There are some limited situations in which Medicaid or state only funds can cover prescriptions for Medicare eligibles. This will be discussed later.

The following pages will focus on how Part D Medicare works for people with Medicare who receive AHCCCS Medical Services or Medicare Cost Sharing.

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Dual Eligibles

Dual eligibles are people who are eligible for both Medicare and AHCCCS.

This group includes all customers who have Medicare and also receive AHCCCS Health Insurance (ALTCS, SSI-MAO, AHCCCS for Families and Children (through DES), AHCCCS Freedom to Work and any QMB/Dual).

Notes:		



How Does Medicare Part D Work for Dual Eligible Customers?

- No Medicare Part D monthly premium. If the customer enrolls in a prescription drug plan that requires a premium above the standard amount, the customer is responsible to pay the difference.
- No annual deductible.
- No coverage gap.
- Maximum co-pays based on income.
 - \$1 for generic, \$3 for brand name if income is < to 100% FPL
 - \$2 for generic, \$5 for brand name if income is > 100% FPL
- No Co-Pays once the total prescription costs reach the catastrophic limit of \$5,100

Savi	Savings Comparison of Out-Of-Pocket Costs						
Part D Expense	Standard Part D*	LIS Dual Eligibles					
Premium	\$37/month	\$0					
Annual Deductible	\$250	\$0					
Progenintian Co Pay	25% when prescriptions costs are \$250 - \$2,250 (maximum \$500) 100% when prescription costs are \$2,250 - \$5,100	Maximum of \$1/\$3 if income< 100% FPL OR					
Prescription Co-Pay	(\$2,850) \$2/\$5 or 5% when prescription costs exceed \$5,100 (catastrophic coverage)	Maximum of \$2/\$5 if income > 100% FPL					

^{*}Out of pocket costs for Standard Part D totals \$3,600 before catastrophic coverage applies.

Enrollment for Dual Eligibles

On or about October 1, 2005 dual eligibles will be auto enrolled in a Part D plan that will begin covering their prescriptions on January 1, 2006. Dual eligibles have the opportunity to change to another plan at any time. There is no annual enrollment restriction.

Individuals who become a dual eligible after 10/1/05 may enroll in a Part D plan from November 15, 2005 - December 31, 2005. However, if no selection is made by December 31^{st} , Medicare will automatically enroll the individual in either an MA-PD, a SNP or a PDP.

Important Dates for Medicare/AHCCCS Dual Eligibles

CMS is sending out several notices to dual eligibles to let them know about the changes in their prescription drug coverage. There are 90,733 dual eligible customers in Arizona that will receive the following notices:

- In May 2005 CMS informs dual eligibles that they are automatically eligible for limited income subsidy because they receive both Medicare and Medicaid. They do not need to apply.
- In September 2005 AHCCCS will send a notice telling the dual eligible customers to watch for the next mailing from CMS - and reminding them to enroll or be auto-enrolled.
- In October 2005—CMS will send dual eligibles a notice to tell them they are auto enrolled, the name of their prescription drug plan, and give them an opportunity to change the prescription drug plan.

How Can Dual Eligibles Prepare For Changes In Prescription Drug Coverage?

If the individual happens to have other health insurance that covers prescriptions, he/she should be receiving a notice from the health insurance carrier about whether current prescription benefits are considered creditable coverage. If not, he/she can contact the other insurance to find out if the coverage is comparable to Medicare Part D. The Federal government has notified health insurance companies that many of their customers will be requesting this information. The customer should not have problems getting this information.

Once the Prescription Drug Plans are selected by CMS in September, people with Medicare will receive additional information about how the plans will work and which medications will be covered by each plan.

Part D Plans are responsible for transition planning for all dual eligible members who select their plan. Members can assist this process by having information about their current prescriptions.

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Who Are Deemed Eligibles?

Deemed eligibles are people who are eligible for Medicare and are also enrolled in a Medicare Cost Sharing Program. AHCCCS pays their Part B premiums, and some copays and deductibles, but they do not have other Medicaid benefits. They are not enrolled in Acute Plans or Program Contractors. They may be served by RBHAs.

This group includes all customers who have Medicare and also receive QMB only, SLMB, or QI.

Notes:	 	 	



How Does Medicare Part D Work for Deemed Eligible

Customers?

- No Medicare Part D monthly premium. If the customer enrolls in a prescription drug plan that requires a premium above the standard amount, the customer is responsible to pay the difference.
- No annual deductible.
- No coverage gap.
- Maximum Co-Pays based on income.
 - \$1 for generic, \$3 for brand name if income is < to 100% FPL
 - o \$2 for generic, \$5 for brand name if income is > 100% FPL
- No Co-Pays once the total prescription costs reach the catastrophic limit of \$5,100

Savir	Savings Comparison of Out-Of-Pocket Costs					
Part D Expense	Standard Part D*	LIS Deemed Eligibles				
Premium	\$37/month	\$0				
Annual Deductible	\$250	\$0				
Prescription Co-Pay	25% when prescriptions costs are \$250 - \$2,250 (maximum \$500) 100% when prescription costs are \$2,250 - \$5,100 (\$2,850) \$2/\$5 or 5% when prescription costs exceed \$5,100 (catastrophic coverage)	Maximum of \$1/\$3 if income < 100% FPL OR Maximum of \$2/\$5 if income > 100% FPL				

^{*}Out of pocket costs for Standard Part D totals \$3,600 before catastrophic coverage applies.

Enrollment For Deemed Eligibles:

Deemed eligibles are expected to choose a Part D plan on their own.

- If the customer enrolls by December 31, 2005, his/her coverage will be effective January 1, 2006.
- If the customer has not selected a plan by May 15, 2006, CMS will auto enroll deemed eligibles into a Part D plan, and the Medicare Part D Prescription drug coverage will not begin until 6/1/2006.

Important Dates for Medicare/AHCCCS Deemed Eligibles

CMS is also sending out several notices to deemed eligibles to let them know about the changes in their prescription drug coverage. There are 22,885 deemed eligible customers in Arizona that will receive the following notices:

- In May 2005 CMS informs deemed eligibles that they are automatically eligible for limited income subsidy because they receive both Medicare and are eligible for a Medicare Cost Sharing Program.
- In May 2006 CMS will send a notice to those deemed eligibles who have not already enrolled to tell them they are auto enrolled and give them one opportunity to change the prescription drug plan.



People Who Get "Extra Help"

People who do not receive AHCCCS Health Insurance, QMB, SLMB or QI-1 may also qualify for a limited income subsidy, but they have to apply for this help with the Social Security Administration.

What Is the Part D Subsidy for Others with Limited Income and Resources?

The subsidy will be based on income and resources levels determined by SSA.

The premiums are based on a sliding scale, and the deductibles and copays are based on the level of income and resources.

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Social Security Outreach

SSA is working to identify people with Medicare (excluding those persons already receiving AHCCCS or Medicare Cost Sharing) who may be eligible for the Limited Income Subsidy (LIS) Program, and will send out applications directly to those individuals.

- ≥ 20 million applications nationwide.
- ≥ 363,000 applications in Arizona.
- ≥ 211,000 applications in Maricopa County

SSA will also train state and local agencies and community organizations how to help people with Medicare understand and apply for the Medicare Limited Income Subsidy. (Refer to the Medicare Part D Enrollment and LIS Contact List).

Important Dates

May - August 2005 The Social Security Administration will mail

applications for "extra help" to people with

Medicare who are potentially eligible.

July 2005

The Social Security Administration's online application will be available to the public and Social Security will begin processing the LIS applications and issuing notices to beneficiaries.

This will be an ongoing process.

How Do Customers Apply For This "Extra Help"?

Beginning in May 2005, the Social Security Administration (SSA) will mail applications with postage paid return envelopes to people with Medicare who may be eligible for extra help to help pay for Medicare prescription drug costs.

Warning: These are scannable applications that must be completed using black ink or a #2 pencil, and the numbers, letters and Xs must be inside the boxes. Do not date-stamp a scannable application—write the date in the box marked "For Official Use Only using MM/DD/YY format.

The completed paper application and should be mailed to:

Social Security Administration
Wilkes Barre Data Operations Center
P O Box 1020
Wilkes Barre, PA 18767-9910

Or, the application may be completed on-line at www.socialsecurity.gov.

Customers can also apply by telephone with a Social Security Representative by calling 1-800-772-1213.



Who Can Help Complete an Application?

In addition to the applicant himself/herself, there are several individuals who can help the person with Medicare complete the application, these individuals include:

- A personal representative,
- A spouse,
- An adult child,
- A caregiver,
- Advocacy groups,
- A friend,
- State employees,
- · Case Managers,
- RBHA Staff,
- ANYONE!!!

The Application Process

Verification

Once the application has been submitted, the Social Security Administration uses the following means to obtain verification.

- Client statement
- The use of data matches (e.g., IRS, RR, County Recorder)
- Limited follow up with the customer

How Does Eligibility Work?

There are income and resource limits for the LIS program. The income and resources of the applicant and spouse, if married and living together, are counted in the determination.

The LIS Application Process, continued

The Social Security Administration will notify the LIS eligible person of their eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of help they will receive.

Limited Income Subsidy Enrollment

Once SSA determines that an individual is eligible for the LIS program, he/she will need to enroll in a Part D plan.

A LIS eligible person who is approved by May 15, 2006, and does not select a Part D plan, will be auto-enrolled by CMS effective June 1, 2006,

Notes:	 		

Your Role in the Medicare Modernization Act and Limited Income Subsidy program:

- 1. Be prepared to answer questions from the people you serve and the people in their life.
- 2. Help non-dual or deemed eligible customers apply for Limited Income Subsidy with SSA.
- 3. Assist customers in evaluating the part D plans formulary so the member can decide which Part D plan best meets their needs.
- 4. Direct customers who have questions about enrollment with a Part D plan to other available sources for information and help.

Notes:			



Medicare Part D and Limited Income Subsidy Terms and Acronyms

Application	The process by which a person files an application with the Social Security Administration (SSA) for extra help with Part D premium, deductible, coverage gap and. co-payments. This is called the Limited Income Subsidy (LIS). The Social Security Administration refers to LIS as "Extra Help".
Catastrophic Coverage	Catastrophic Coverage begins once a person has incurred \$5,100 in Part D prescription expenses during a calendar year. For a Medicare recipient who is not eligible for a Limited Income Subsidy, the out of pocket expense will be \$3,600, not counting the monthly premium. When the catastrophic limit is reached: • The \$1/\$3 and \$3/\$5 co-pays for dual, deemed and Limited Income Subsidy eligibles are reduced to zero. • The 25% co-pays for other people with Medicare are reduced to \$2.00 for generics, \$5.00 for brand name, or 5% of drug costs, whichever is higher.
Clawback	State Medicaid agencies are required to pay CMS for part of the Medicare Part D costs for dual eligibles. The amount of the State's contribution is based on the state's prior costs for covering prescriptions for the dual population. The amount of the state's contribution is phased down over the next 10 years. This is called "clawback".
CMS	This means the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services. CMS has oversight responsibility for implementing the new Medicare Part D changes. Their primary roll is with the enrollment process. This includes approving the contracts and marketing for the participating prescription drug plans, and communicating the information about the new Medicare benefit and enrolling in a plan to the 43.1 million people in the USA with Medicare.
Coverage Gap	Coverage Gap is the amount of prescription costs that are not covered by Part D for persons who are not eligible for a limited income subsidy. These individuals receive no assistance with the \$2,850 annual prescription costs between \$2,250 and \$5,100. See <i>catastrophic coverage</i> .
Covered Drugs	Covered drugs are prescription drugs that are on the prescription drug plan's formulary and which will be provided to individuals enrolling in that plan, if medically necessary.
Creditable Prescription Coverage	Creditable prescription coverage is health insurance that offers prescription coverage at least as good as Part D. Some potential sources of creditable prescription drug coverage are: • Individual health insurance • Group health plans for retirees • VA insurance • Tri-care • Indian Health Services Most Medigap policies do not provide Credible Coverage.

Deemed Eligible	A person who is receiving QMB, SLMB or QI-1 benefits, but is not covered for other AHCCCS medical services (AHCCCS).
Dual Eligible	A person who is receiving AHCCCS medical services (Medicaid) and is entitled to Medicare Part A and/or enrolled in Medicare Part B.
Enrollment	The process of choosing and signing up with a Part D Prescription Drug Plan (<i>PDP</i>), a Medicare Special Needs Plan (<i>SNP</i>) or a Medicare Advantage-Drug Plan (<i>MA-PD</i>).
Enrollment Period	 Initial Enrollment Period People who are eligible for Medicare or who become eligible for Medicare by February 2006 will have an Initial Enrollment Period from November 15, 2005 through May 15, 2006 to enroll in a Medicare drug plan. Ongoing, the initial enrollment period will be three months before the initial entitlement month, the month of entitlement and the three months after the entitlement month
	Annual Election Period • In 2006 and subsequent years, people who are enrolled with a prescription drug plan will be able to change to a different plan from November 15 through December 31 of each year.
	Special Enrollment Period (SEP) Certain events will allow a person to change plans when they occur: • A move out of the plan's service area • An involuntary loss of creditable coverage • An entry or departure from a nursing facility Dual eligibles have a continuous special enrollment period and can change enrollment at any time.
Formulary	A prescription drug plan's formulary is a list of the prescriptions that the plan will cover, if medically necessary. The formulary will list at least one generic and one brand name drug for each drug category, and all or substantially all drugs in 6 special categories. The formulary also lists applicable co-payment amounts. CMS must evaluate and approve each prescription drug plan's formulary.
FPL	Federal Poverty Limit The federal government publishes the Federal Poverty Guideline annually. AHCCCS and many other assistance programs use this guideline to establish the income limits for benefit programs.

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LIS	Limited Income Subsidy is a federal program that pays the Medicare prescription drug plan for the eligible person's Part D premiums, deductible and coverage gap, and sets a maximum amount that the plan can charge for co-payments. The SSA refers to this as "Extra Help".
Late Enrollment Penalty	If a person does not enroll with a Part D plan during the <i>initial enrollment period</i> and does not have <i>credible coverage</i> or other good cause, the person will be assessed a higher premium if they enroll later. The late enrollment penalty is 1% of the monthly Part D premium for each month the enrollment is delayed. For example, if the Part D premium is \$37 and a person delays enrollment for one month, a penalty in the amount of 37 cents will be added to the ongoing monthly premium. If a person delays enrollment for ten months, the penalty will be \$3.70 and their ongoing premium will be \$40.70.
MA-DP	A Medicare Advantage plan (previously known as Medicare Choice) that also offers CMS approved Drug Plan benefits.
ММА	The federal Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 that created Part D prescription coverage and the Limited Income Subsidy.
PDP	A Prescription Drug Plan approved to provide Part D benefits by the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The PDP network of providers must be available throughout the state of Arizona.
SEP	Special Enrollment Period means a time when a person can change to a different prescription drug plan. Dual eligibles can change enrollment to a different plan on a monthly basis. Other people with Part D can only change plans during the annual open enrollment period unless they: • Move out of the plan's service area • Involuntarily lose other creditable prescription coverage • Enter, reside in or leave a long-term care facility, or • Other exceptional circumstances
SNP	Special Need Plan. A Medicare Special Need Plan (SNP) is a Medicare Advantage plan that provides services to people who are receiving AHCCCS medical services (dual eligible).
SSA	The Social Security Administration. The SSA will determine eligibility for the low income subsidy programs and will also do outreach for persons who are potentially eligible for help with the Medicare Part D costs.
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Monthly Income Limits

Medicare Cost Sharing Programs

	QMB	SLMB	QI - 1
Single Limit	< \$798.00 ≤	\$798.01 – \$957.00	\$957.01 - \$1077.00
Couple Limit	≤ \$1070.00	\$1070.01 - \$1283.00	\$1283.01 - \$1444.00

Limited Income Subsidy Program

Household Size	<150% of the FPL
1	\$ 1196.99
2	\$ 1603.99
3	\$ 2011.99
4	\$ 2418.99
5	\$ 2826.99
6	\$ 3233.99
7	\$ 3641.99
8	\$ 4048.99
9	\$ 4456.99
10	\$ 4863.99
11	\$ 5271.99
12	\$ 5678.99

Part D Voluntary Prescription Drug Benefit Program

Benefits and Costs for People with Medicare

If the Customer		ioi i copii	e with Medicare		
Receives:	Premium A	Amount	Co-Payments	Deductibles	Coverage Gap
Medicare &Medicaid (dual eligible).	\$0.00 (unless the person chooses a plan with a premium that exceeds the standard premium).		Income ≤100% FPL (\$798/\$1070) • \$1.00 for generic • \$3.00 for brand name • No co-pay for costs above \$5,100 Income >100%FPL • \$2.00 for generic • \$5.00 for brand name. • No co-pay for costs above \$5,100	None	None
			Note: Co-pays reduce to \$0.00 for a person in a nursing facility (NF) or ICF-MR for the entire month.		
QMB-onlySLMB, orQI(Deemed Eligible)	\$0.0 (unless the chooses a popremium tha	e person lan with a	 QMB-only \$1.00 for generic \$3.00 for brand name No co-pay for costs above \$5,100 	None	None
	the standard		 \$2.00 for generic \$5.00 for brand name No co-pay for costs above \$5,100 		
Medicare & LIS	The premium is 0% - 100% of the		Income <u>< 135% &</u> Resources <u><</u> \$6000/\$9000		
(no Medicaid and no QMB, SLMB or QI) Resources ≤ \$10,000/\$20,000 and Income <150% FPL	standard pred based on inco For example, standard pred \$37 and the ir	me. if the nium is	 \$2.00 for generic \$5.00 for brand name No co-pay for costs above \$5,100 	None	None.
for the family size:	φον απα ιπο π	icome is.	Higher Income or Resources		
 1 - \$1,167 2 - \$1,604 3 - \$2,012 4 - \$2,419 5 - \$2,827 6 - \$3,234 	% of FPL ≤135 136-140 141-145	\$ 0.00 \$ 9.25 \$18.50	15% of drug costs for first \$5,100 in prescription costs. After \$5,100 the co-pays are reduced to \$2.00 for generic	\$50.00	
,	146-149% 150%	\$27.75 \$37.00	and \$5.00 for brand name.		All proceriation
Medicare (Standard Part D costs) Excess Income (>150% FPL) and/or Excess Resources	About \$37.00 m. (unless the choose a play premium that the standard	onthly e person an with a t exceeds	 From \$250.01 to \$2250, 25% of the drug costs After \$5,100 co-pays are reduced to \$2.00 for generics \$5.00 for brand name or 5% of drug costs, whichever is higher. 	\$250.00	All prescription costs from \$2,250.01 through \$5,100.00 are the customer's responsibility.
>\$10,000 single>\$20,000 couple			-		

Medicare Part D Enrollment and Limited Income Subsidy Contact List

If the customer needs help	Then refer the customer to:	
with Part D Enrollment Available Plans Plan Comparison Effective Date of Enrollment Part D Plan Formularies	 The CMS web site at www.medicare.gov The CMS Phone Bank at 1-800-MEDICARE (633-4227 information The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) 800-432-4040 or 602-542-4446. TTY users call 602-542-63 Part D Plan Web Sites (Formulary Information not available October 2005). See County Contacts on following pages for local locations.	
Help with Part D Costs Limited Income Subsidy Applying with SSA Application Form On-line Application	 Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. www.socialsecurity.gov. AHCCCS The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) at 1-800-432-4040 or 602-542-4446. TTY users call 602-542-6366. See County Contacts on following pages for local locations. 	
Assistance in applying for Medicaid	 AHCCCS SSI-MAO Office 1209 E. Washington St. MD 4900 Phoenix, AZ 85034	
Assistance in applying for the Medicare Savings Programs (QMB, SLMB or QI-1),	ALTCS local offices or the SSI MAO office. • AHCCCS SSI-MAO Office 1209 E. Washington St. MD 4900 Phoenix, AZ 85034 *Calling from area codes (602, 480 or 623) dial (602) 417-5010 and choose OPTION #3 *Calling from area codes (520, 760 or 928) dial toll free 1-800-528-0142 See County Contacts for ALTCS local office locations.	

County Contacts

APACHE					
Social Security	State Health Insurance	ALTCS Office			
	Program (SHIP)				
<u>Flagstaff</u>	<u>Flagstaff</u>	<u>Chinle</u>			
1585 S. Plaza Way, Suite 130	NACOG	DCI Shopping Center			
Flagstaff, AZ 86001-7156	119 E. Aspen Ave.	US Highway 191			
928-774-0021	Flagstaff, AZ 86001	PO Box 1942			
800-772-1213	928-774-1895	Chinle, AZ 86503			
	877-521-3500	520-674-5439			
	Navajo Nation				
	Navajo Aging Service Dept.				
	PO Box 1390				
	Window Rock, AZ 86515				
	928-871-6783				

COCHISE				
Social Security	State Health Insurance	ALTCS Office		
	Program (SHIP)			
<u>Douglas</u>	<u>Douglas</u>	<u>Sierra Vista</u>		
600 E. 15 th Street	600 E. 15 th Street	484 E. Wilcox Drive		
Douglas, AZ 85607-1925	Douglas, AZ 85607-1925	Sierra Vista, AZ 85635		
520-364-1241	520-364-1241	520-459-7050 (area codes 520 ,		
		760 or 928)		
	<u>Sierra Vista</u>	1-888-782-5827 <i>(area codes</i>		
	VICAP	602,480 or 623)		
	PO Box 3004 Sierra Vista, AZ			
	85636			
	520-459-8146			

COCONINO				
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office		
<u>Flagstaff</u>	<u>Flagstaff</u>	<u>Flagstaff</u>		
1585 S. Plaza Way, Suite 130	NACOG	3480 E. Route 66		
Flagstaff, AZ 86001-7156	119 E. Aspen Ave.	Flagstaff, AZ 86004		
928-774-0021	Flagstaff, AZ 86001	928-527-4104		
800-772-1213	928-774-1895	1-800-540-5042		

GILA					
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office			
<u>Globe/Miami</u>	<u>Casa Grande</u>	<u>Globe/Miami</u>			
Chaparral Plaza, Suite, 102	Pinal-Gila Council for Senior	Cobra Valle Plaza			
2105 US Highway 60	Citizens	2250 Highway 60			
Miami, AZ 85539-9753	1895 N. Trekell Rd, Suite 2	Suite H			
928-425-7131	Casa Grande, AZ 85222-1704	Miami, AZ 85539-9700			
	520-836-2758	928-425-3165 (area codes 520,			
	800-293-9393	720 and 928)			
		888-425-3165 (area codes 602,			
		480, 623)			

GRAHAM		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
<u>Safford</u>	Sierra Vista	Sierra Vista
616 S. 8 th Ave.	VICAP	484 E. Wilcox Drive
Safford, AZ 85546-2836	PO Box 3004 Sierra Vista, AZ	Sierra Vista, AZ 85635
928-428-5303	85636	520-459-7050 (area codes 520 ,
800-772-1213	520-459-8146	760 or 928)
		1-888-782-5827(area codes
		602,480 or 623)

GREENLEE		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
<u>Safford</u>	<u>Sierra Vista</u>	<u>Sierra Vista</u>
616 S. 8 th Ave.	VICAP	484 E. Wilcox Drive
Safford, AZ 85546-2836	PO Box 3004	Sierra Vista, AZ 85635
928-428-5303	Sierra Vista, AZ 85636	520-459-7050
800-772-1213	520-459-8146	520-459-7050 (area codes 520,
		760 or 928)
		1-888-782-5827 (area codes
		602,480 or 623)

LA PAZ		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
Yuma 1235 S. Redondo Center Drive	Yuma	<u>Yuma</u> 3850 W. 16 th St.
Yuma, AZ 85365	WACOG 224 S. Third Ave.	Suite B
928-782-4014	Yuma, AZ 85364	Yuma, AZ 85364
	928-782-1886	928-782-0776

MARICOPA		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
<u>Mesa</u>	<u>Phoenix</u>	<u>Glendale</u>
1801 S. Extension	Area Agency on Aging, Region I	2830 W. Glendale Ave.
Mesa, AZ 85210-5992	1366 E. Thomas Rd. #108	Suites 34
480-649-0002	Phoenix, AZ 85015	Glendale Az 85051
	602-264-2255	602-417-6000
<u>Phoenix</u>	1-888-783-7500	
16241 N. Tatum Blvd.		Phoenix South
Phoenix, AZ 85020-85032		700 E. Jefferson Street
602-569-8797		Phoenix, AZ 85034
		602-417-6600
<u>Phoenix</u>		
1122 N. 7 th St. Suite 100		<u>Mesa</u>
Phoenix, AZ 85006-2781		4670 N. Mesa Drive, Suite 101
602-379-4044		Mesa, AZ 85201
_		602-417-6400 (area codes
<u>Scottsdale</u>		602,480 or 623)
By Appt. Only		1-800-528-0142 (area codes
3200 N. Hayden Rd., Suite		520, 760 or 928)
B120		
Scottsdale, AZ 85251-6653		
480-445-0405		
<u>Glendale</u>		
5907 W. Kings Ave		
Glendale, AZ 85306		
623-298-4129		

MOHAVE		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
Yuma 1235 S. Redondo Center Dr. Yuma, AZ 85365 928-782-4014	<u>Kingman</u> WACOG 208 N. 4 th St. Kingman, AZ 86401 928-753-6247	Kingman 519 East Beale Street Suite 150 Kingman, AZ 86401 928-753-2828 1-888-300-8348
		Lake Havasu City 285 S. Lake Havasu Ave. Lake Havasu, City, AZ 86403 928-453-5100

	NAVAJO	
Social Security	State Health Insurance	ALTCS Office
	Program (SHIP)	
<u>Flagstaff</u>	<u>Flagstaff</u>	Show Low
1585 S. Plaza Way, Suite 130	NACOG	580 E. Old Linden Rd., Suite 3
Flagstaff, AZ 86001-7156	119 E. Aspen Ave.	Show Low, AZ 85901
928-774-0021	Flagstaff, AZ 86001	520-537-1515
800-772-1213	520-774-1895	1-877-537-1515
Show Low	<u>Navajo Nation</u>	
2500 East Cooley Street	Navajo Aging Service Dept.	
Suite 407	PO Box 1390	
Show Low, AZ 85901	Window Rock, AZ 86515	
928-537-0612	928-871-6783	

PIMA		
Social Security	State Health Insurance	ALTCS/SSI MAO Office
	Program (SHIP)	
<u>Tucson</u>	<u>Tucson</u>	<u>Tucson</u>
3500 North Campbell Ave	Pima Council on Aging	110 South Church Ave., Suite 5132
Tucson, AZ 85719—3555	8647 E. Broadway Blvd., #C104	Tucson, AZ 85701
520-321-1167	Tucson, AZ 85710	520-205-8600
	520-790-7262	1-800-824-2656
Tucson		
2716 S. Sixth Ave		
South Tucson, AZ 85713-4796		
520-670-5880		
Sells		
SSA Trailer at PHS/HIS Hosp.		
•		
,		
,		
Main Road, Sells, AZ 85634 520-383-3343		

PINAL		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
Casa Grande	Casa Grande	Casa Grande
501 N. Marshall St.	Pinal-Gila Council for Senior	500 N. Florence St
Casa Grande, AZ 85222-4654	Citizens	Casa Grande, AZ 85222
520-836-4887	1895 N. Trekell Rd, Suite 2	520-421-1500
	Casa Grande, AZ 85222-1704	
	520-836-2758	
	800-293-9393	

SANTA CRUZ		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
Nogales	Sierra Vista	<u>Sierra Vista</u>
441-9 N. Grand Ave.	VICAP	484 E. Wilcox Drive
Nogales, AZ 85621	PO Box 3004	Sierra Vista, AZ 85635
520-287-6123	Sierra Vista, AZ 85636	520-459-7050 (area codes 520 ,
	520-459-8146	760 or 928)
		1-888-782-5827(area codes
		602,480 or 623)

YAVAPAI		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
Prescott 205 N. Marina St. Prescott, AZ 86301 928-541-1728	Flagstaff NACOG 119 E. Aspen Ave. Flagstaff, AZ 86001 928-774-1895 1-877-521-3500	Cottonwood One North Main Street Cottonwood, AZ 86326 928-634-8101 Prescott 1570 Willow Creek Road Prescott, AZ 86301 928-778-3968 1-888-778-5600

YUMA		
Social Security	State Health Insurance Program (SHIP)	ALTCS Office
<u>Yuma</u> 1235 S. Redondo Ctr. Dr Yuma, AZ 85365 928-782-4014	<u>Yuma</u> WACOG 224 S. Third Ave. Yuma, AZ 85364 928-782-1886	<u>Yuma</u> 3850 W. 16 th St. Suite B Yuma, AZ 85364 928-782-0776

S:\ps development\MMA Team\Part D and LIS contact list.doc

Calendar of Events Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit (Part D)

Date	Activity
May – August 2005	Social Security Administration (SSA) mails applications to people with Medicare who may be eligible for extra help paying for Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Plan costs. An estimated 363,000 people with Medicare in Arizona will receive this mailing. People who have AHCCCS medical services and people who have QMB, SLMB or QI will be excluded from this mailing.
June 2005	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) mails notices to people with Medicare and AHCCCS or Medicare cost Sharing who will automatically qualify for the extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug plan costs. These are the dual and deemed eligibles.
July 1, 2005	Social security online application for extra help paying for Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Plan costs is available at www.socialsecurity.gov . Social Security begins processing applications for extra help paying for Medicare Prescription drug Benefit costs and issues notices to beneficiaries.
September 2005	CMS mails "Medicare & You" handbooks to all Medicare beneficiaries.
September 1 – November 15, 2005	Other insurance plans that have prescription coverage and Medicare supplemental plans that provide any prescription drug benefits will mail notices to beneficiaries in their plans. The notice will inform the beneficiary if their prescription coverage is or is not "creditable".
September 2005	CMS announces the Medicare prescription drug plans that will be available in Arizona.
October 1, 2005	Medicare prescription drug plans begin marketing their plans.
Mid October 2005	CMS launches the Online Enrollment Center for Drug Coverage.
October 15, 2005	Medicare Advantage plans issue "Annual Notice of Change" to enrollees and promote their Medicare Advantage-Prescription Drug plan, if applicable
October 2005	CMS notifies dual eligibles of the prescription drug plan that will provide their drug coverage if they do not choose a plan by the end of the year. Part D Formularies available.

Calendar of Events Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit (Part D)

November 15,	Initial enrollment period for Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit for people who have
2005 – May 15	QMB, SLMB or QI –1 and others who do not have AHCCCS medical services.
2006	
January 1, 2006	Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit begins.
April 2006	CMS mails enrollment reminder notices to people with Medicare that have not enrolled in the Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit.
May 2006	Initial enrollment period for the Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit ends.
	CMS will notify people with QMB, SLMB, QI or LIS of the prescription drug plan that will provide their drug coverage if they have not already chosen a plan.
May 16, 2006	Beneficiaries who did not enroll in the Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit and do not have "creditable coverage" may be subject to a higher premium.